

class - B.Sc. Part I (Honours)

Subject - Chemistry

Paper - IC

Topic - Properties of glycerol

Name - Dr. Rashmi Sinha

Deptt. of Chemistry

H. D. Jain college.

Glycerol

chemical properties / - Glycerol molecule contains two primary alcoholic gr. and one secondary alcoholic gr. . Thus it shows characteristics of both primary and secondary alcohols . The carbon atoms in glycerol are indicated by α , β and γ

α CH₂OH 1° alcoholic gr.

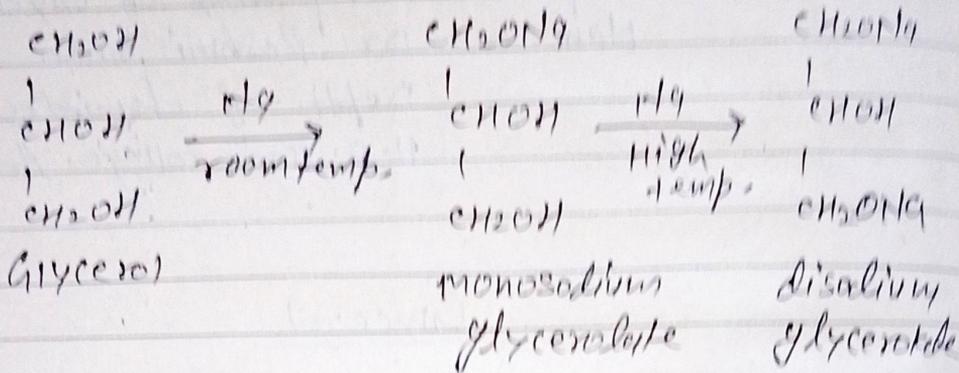
\uparrow
 β CHOH 2° alcoholic gr.

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 γ CH₂OH 1° alcoholic gr.

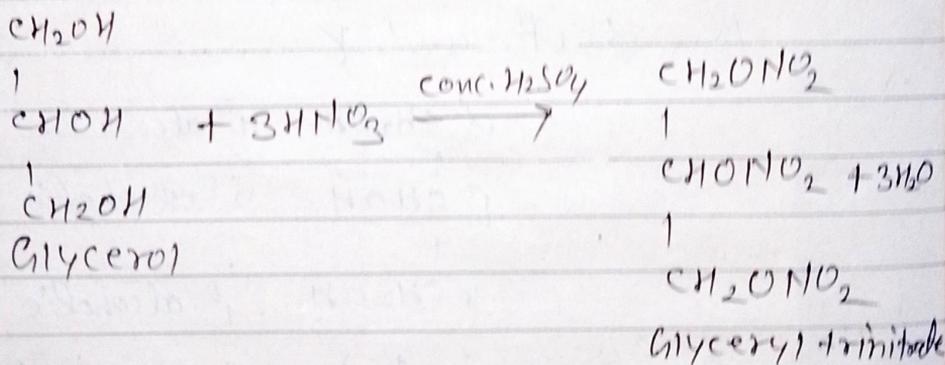
In general, primary alcoholic groups are more reactive than secondary alcoholic group.

① Reaction with Sodium / - When glycerol is treated with Na at room temp. only primary alcoholic groups

are attacked one by one to give mono-sodium glycerolate and disodium glycerate at high temperature.



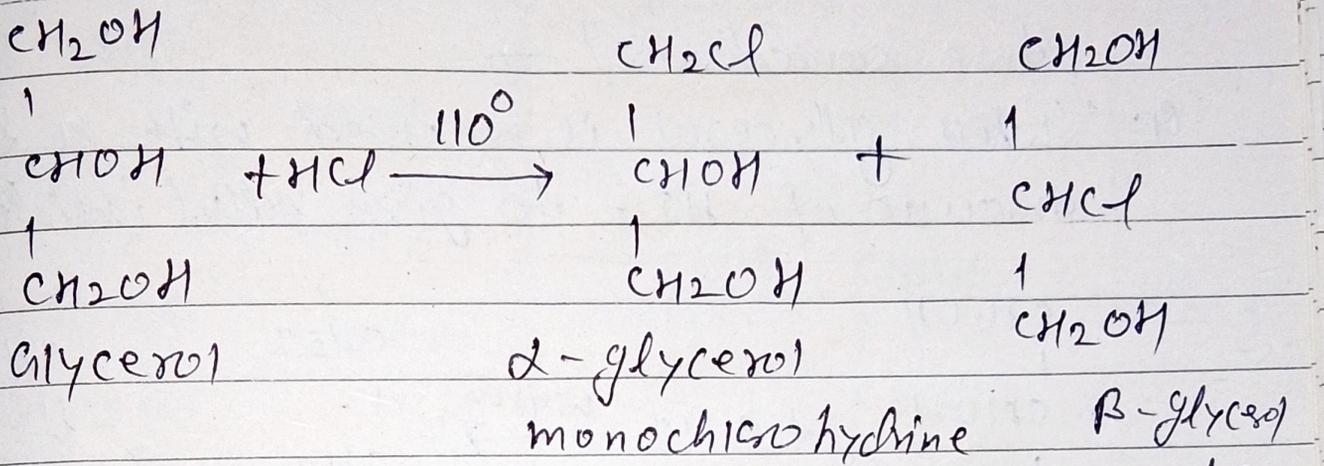
(ii) Reaction with HNO₃ - Glycerol reacts with nitric acid in presence of conc. H₂SO₄ at 25°C to give glyceryl trinitrate also known as nitroglycerine



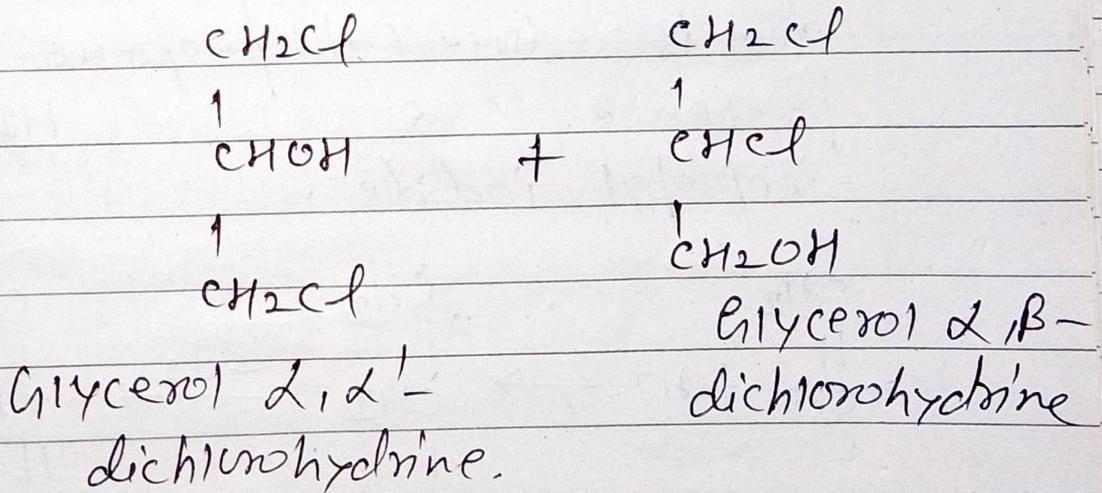
(iii) Reaction with HCl - when HCl is passed through glycerol at 110°C both α or β - glycerol monochlorohydrines are formed. If the HCl gas is passed for sufficient time, glycerol α, α' - dichlorohydrine and glycerol α, β -

3

dichlorohydrine are formed.



110°C excess of HCl



Note 1 - Similar reaction with HBr